

# RESILIENT AND SUSTAINABLE CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEMS

Introduction to the FAO-RUAF CRFS assessment and planning process













by decision of the German Bundestag

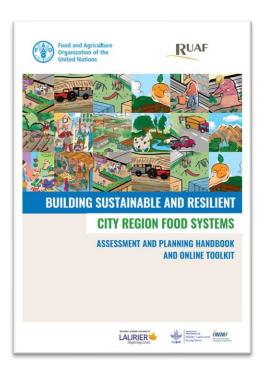
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# CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEMS PROGRAMME

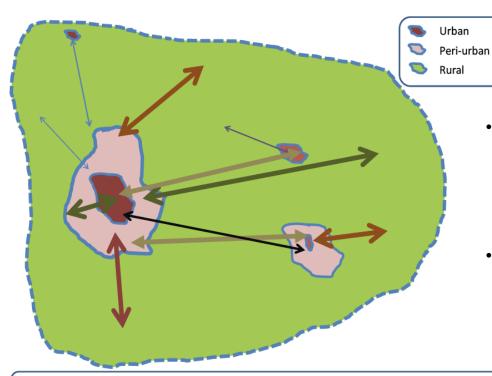
- City Region Food System programme of RUAF and FAO aims to reinforce rural-urban linkages for more sustainable and resilient food systems
- Assessment PLUS evidence-based action planning
- · Underscored by multistakeholder engagement and participation throughout







# WHAT IS A CITY REGION?

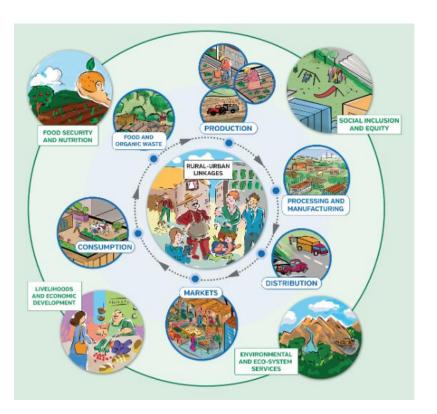


- A larger urban centre or conglomeration of smaller urban centres – and the surrounding and interspersed peri-urban and rural hinterland.
- An area in which flows of people, goods and ecosystem services operate across the ruralurban continuum

Different colors of arrows represent different functional relations between urban, peri-urban and rural; different weights of arrows point to different intensities of functional relations



# WHAT IS A CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEM?



- CRFS approach advocates strengthened connectivity between urban centres and surrounding areas
- Encompasses the complex network of actors, processes and relationships that are involved in food production, processing, marketing and consumption in a given city region.
- Includes the economic, societal, and environmental components that configure those actors, processes and relationships.



# PHASE 1: 2015-2018

Sustainable and resilient city region food systems

Colombo (Sri Lanka)

Utrecht (The Netherlands)

Quito (Ecuador)

Kitwe (Zambia)

Lusaka (Zambia)

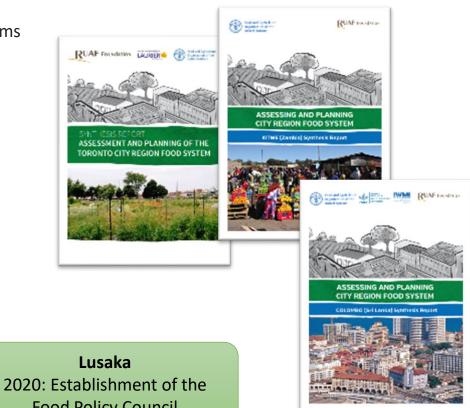
Medellin (Colombia)

Toronto (Canada)

### Quito

2018: Signature of the Pacto Agroalimentario Quito

2020: Informed Covid-19 emergency food response



**Food Policy Council** 



# PHASE 2: 2019-2023

Climate and pandemic resilient city region food systems

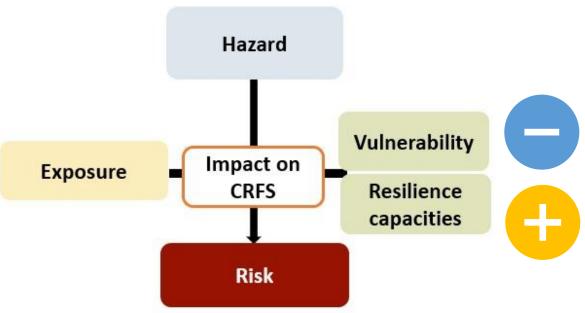
Antananarivo (Madagascar)

Colombo (Sri Lanka)

Kigali (Rwanda)

Melbourne (Australia)

Tamale (Ghana)



Risk is the likelihood of damage or negative impacts or consequences







#### **INCEPTION**

- Determine entry points, secure political buy-in
- Set up project team (coordinator, institutional focal point, GIS expert, value chain expert...)
- Develop work plan
- Establish stakeholder advisory group
- Draw up initial vision

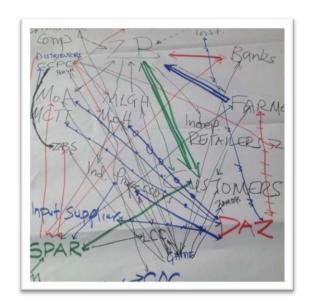


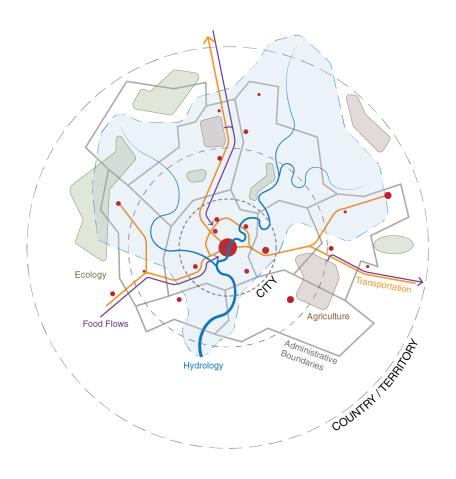
'It is the year 2025/2030 and there has been a dramatic reduction in the vulnerability to climate shocks and stresses of the [name of place] city region food system. What do you see happening in 2025/2030? What is being achieved?'



### **DEFINE THE CRFS**

- Determine initial CRFS boundaries
- Stakeholder mapping analysis

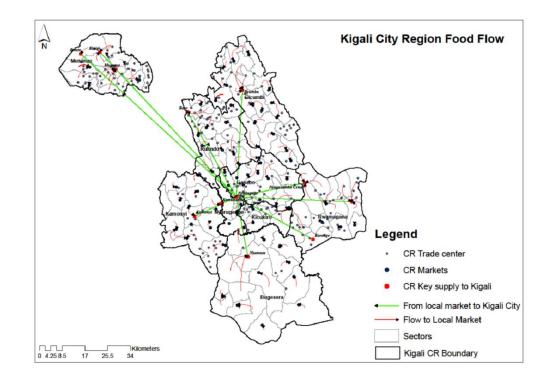






### **RAPID SCAN**

- Establish local context
- Characterize the CRFS
- Scan climate and pandemic risks
- Participatory decision-making





### **IN-DEPTH ASSESSMENT**

- Drawing up indicators
- Developing the methodology
- Developing data collection instruments
- Analyzing findings
- Reporting



Photo: P. Amoah, Tamale

Indicator	Research questions	Data source	Data collection method



### **ACTION PLANNING**

- Multi-stakeholder workshop
- Working group meetings
- Outreach and engagement
- Final SAG meeting action planning progress report, on-going governance and monitoring



Photo: C. Mukantwali, Kigali

Policy		Practical intervention / programme	
Does a policy already exist in this area?  Yes  No		Does a practical intervention or programme already exist in this area?  Yes  No	
What needs to be changed or strengthened?	What needs to be included in a new policy?	What needs to be changed or strengthened?	What needs to be included in a new intervention?



# CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEM PROGRAMME



http://www.fao.org/in-action/food-for-cities-programme

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